

2008 Water Quality Report for Traverse City Water Supply

This report covers the drinking water quality for Traverse City Water System for the calendar year 2008. This information is a snapshot of the quality of the water that we provided to you in 2008. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state standards.

Your water is surface water and comes from the East arm of Grand Traverse Bay. The State performed an assessment of our source water in 2004. A determination of sensitivity and susceptibility to contamination was made by reviewing our source water geology, intake location, water chemistry, and potential contaminant sources within the source water area. The State has determined that our source water has a moderate geologic sensitivity with a moderate susceptibility to contamination. A copy of this State report may be obtained by logging on to the (www.ci.traverse-city.mi.us) website or by contacting the Traverse City Utility Accounting Office located in the Governmental Building located at 400 Boardman Avenue, Traverse City, MI.

- **Contaminants and their presence in water:** Drinking Water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the **EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791)**.
- **Vulnerability of sub-populations:** Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune systems disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by

Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

- **Sources of drinking water:** The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. Our water comes from Lake Michigan. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.
- Contaminants that may be present in source water include:
 - * **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
 - * **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
 - * **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential uses.
 - * **Radioactive contaminants**, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.
 - * **Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also, come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which provide the same protection for public health.

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Water Quality Data

The table below lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the 2008 calendar year. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 – December 31, 2008. The State allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. All of the data is representative of the water quality, but some are more than one year old.

Terms and abbreviations used below:

- **Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- **Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):** The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL):** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG):** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
- **N/A:** Not applicable **ND:** not detectable at testing limit **ppb:** parts per billion or micrograms per liter **ppm:** parts per million or milligrams per liter.
- **Action Level:** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Samples Collected at the Water Plant:

Regulated Chemical Contaminants	MCL	MCLG	Our Water	Sample Date	Violation Yes / No	Typical Source of Contaminants
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.02	1-30-08	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	1.10 (0.80-1.23)*	1-30-08	No	Erosion of natural deposits Added to drinking water to prevent tooth decay
Disinfection Byproducts						
Total Trihalomethanes [TTHMS] (ppb)	80	N/A	25.8 (Avg) (20.0-33.0)**	Qtly-08	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Total Haloacetic Acids [HAA5] (ppb)	60	N/A	8.3 (Avg) (7.0-9.0)**	Qtly-08	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination

* Range of detections performed daily at the water plant laboratory.

** Range of detections in the distribution system.

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Unregulated Chemical Contaminants ¹	Our Water	Sample Date	Violation Yes / No	Typical Source of Contaminants
Sodium (ppm)	8	1-30-08	N/A	Erosion of natural deposits
Sulfate (ppm)	22	1-30-08	N/A	Erosion of natural deposits

¹ Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. Monitoring helps EPA to determine where certain contaminants occur and whether it needs to regulate those contaminants.

Samples Collected in the Distribution System:

Contaminants Subject to an Action Level	Action Level	Our Water	Sample Date	Number of Samples Above AL	Typical Source of Contaminants
Lead (ppb)	AL = 15	3*	9-9-08	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Copper (ppm)	AL = 1.3	0.03*	9-9-08	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
Total Chlorine Residual (ppm)	MRDL = 4.0** MRDLG = 4**	0.50 (Avg) (0.12-0.94)***	Weekly	0	Water additive used to control microbes

* 90 Percent of the samples collected were at or below the level reported for our water.

** The MRDL and MRDLG are effective January 1, 2004. Compliance is based on an annual average.

*** Range of detections

Microbial Contaminants	MCL	MCLG	Positive Samples	Violation Yes / No	Typical Source of Contaminants
Total Coliform Bacteria	1 positive monthly sample (5% of monthly samples positive)	0	0	No	Naturally present in the environment
Fecal Coliform and <i>E. coli</i>	Routine and repeat samples are total coliform positive, and one is also fecal or <i>E. coli</i> positive	0	0	No	Human and animal fecal waste

Monitoring and Reporting Requirements: The State and EPA require us to test our water on a regular basis to ensure its safety. We met all the monitoring and reporting requirements for 2008.

We will update this report annually and will keep you informed of any problems that may occur throughout the year, as they happen. Copies are available at the Traverse City Water Plant at 2010 Eastern Avenue, the Governmental Building at 400 Boardman Avenue, & the Department of Public Services Building at 625 Woodmere Avenue. This report will not be sent to you.

We invite public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality. City Commission meetings are conducted on the first and third Mondays of each month in the Commission Chambers of the Governmental Center at 400 Boardman Avenue, public comment is welcome. For more information about your water, or the contents of this report, contact Carl Holder/Water Plant Supt. at 231-922-4920 or log onto tcwtp1@yahoo.com. For more information about safe drinking water, visit the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency at www.epa.gov/safewater/.